

EDITORIAL COMMENT

The weather is getting to be about as unpopular as the Kaiser.

Fresh eggs are now selling at a tickle apiece.

Garfield says the coal is needed for the ships loaded with war supplies for the allies.

Have a Jim Crow law in Kentucky and there will be a lot of Bob Laws when the speaker begins to sign bills.

Bank robbers looted the City Bank at Hazelton, Miss., of \$47,000 and left the note bragging about how easy it was.

A resolution was introduced in the Senate Thursday to authorize the government to pay the wages of workmen made idle by Garfield's order.

The Bowling Green News-Democrat and the Mayfield Messenger ought to get together and strike some sort of a happy medium in head-lettering.

Somebody took a couple of shots at the mine the other day, in Petrograd, and came pretty near putting another "N" to him. The bullets shattered the windows of his automobile.

Henry Lawrence is putting a good deal of renewed life and editorial vigor into the Cadiz Record and making it one of the best weekly papers in the State. The editorial column grows better every week.

The Earlington Bee has been revived under the name of "The News," with Ed Young as the editor and publisher. It starts out as a four-page weekly, issued on Thursday mornings.

The Cadiz Record prods the Kentuckian on a slip or two in the matter of dates and names in recording Trigg county news items. We are glad to observe, however, that the Kentuckian's news generally in the same issue was so accurate that half a dozen or more of its paragraphs received the Record's editorial endorsement in its most conspicuous location.

"Doc" Sartin's saloon was burned in Lexington. In a room upstairs Sartin and his wife were asleep when the fire aroused them. Sartin, then jumped from his bed, threw his overcoat, which was lying on a chair, over his wife's head and carried her from their upstairs bedroom to the street. This was heroic of course, but why was the lady's head the objective point of "Doc's" solicitude with a foot of snow on the ground?

Leading New York, Chicago, Baltimore and St. Louis newspapers are very severe in their condemnation of the order closing down the factories of the country for five days. Some of them say that it is a disaster to business worse than war. Others declare that it is another evidence of the food and fuel administration at Washington. The general opinion is that Mr. Garfield should start at the mines to settle the coal trouble. Many of the miners are said to be so prosperous that they refuse to work full time. Why not take over the coal mines and if necessary work them with prisoners? Factories with government contracts ought to be kept running.

Other Towns Do It.

Cadiz is seriously considering the levy of an occupation tax in order to have sufficient revenue to run the town. Our people should begin to study the matter and be in position to give the members of the Council a sane and impartial hearing when the matter comes for action. The town has needs, and it is the duty of the people to provide them. But it takes time to run the city fathers will want to do what the people must do. No unjust criticism will suffice, but the hearty co-operation of citizens should be extended, and the town should be kept running.

THE SENATE AND GARFIELD LOCK HORNS

10 MONDAY HOLIDAYS, THE FIRST ON JAN. 28, ORDERED BY GARFIELD

30,000,000 Tons of Coal Will Be Saved, Administrator Estimates--Scarcity So Acute Even War Contracts Work Must Halt.

ONLY FOOD PLANTS MAY KEEP IN OPERATION

Washington, Jan. 16.—America's manufacturing enterprises, with but few exceptions, in all states east of the Mississippi river, were ordered by the government tonight to suspend operations for five days, beginning Friday morning, as a drastic measure for relieving the fuel famine.

At the same time, as a further means of relief, it was directed that industries and business generally, including all normal activities that require heated buildings, observe as a holiday every Monday for the next ten weeks. This will close down on Mondays not only factories, but saloons, stores (except for the sale of drugs and food), places of amusement and nearly all office buildings.

While the order does not mention shipyards, it is known that they will be permitted to continue operations as usual, although munitions plants will be closed.

The government's move came entirely without warning in an order issued by Fuel Administrator Garfield with the approval of President Wilson, prescribing stringent restrictions governing the distribution and use of coal. It was decided upon hurriedly by the president and by the government heads as a desperate remedy for the fuel crisis and the transportation tangle in the eastern states.

Even munition plants are not excepted from the closing down order. Officials tonight would not discuss the far-reaching effects the action would have upon the industrial fabric, and questions as to how the order was to be interpreted to meet specific problems went unanswered.

ORDER OF COAL DELIVERY.

The order prescribes a preferential list of consumers in whose interest it was drawn. These users will get coal in the following order:

Railroads.

Household consumers, hospitals, charitable institutions and army and navy cantonments.

Public utilities, telephone and telegraph plants.

Strictly government enterprises, excepting factories and plants working on government contracts.

Public buildings and necessary government, state and municipal requirements.

Factories producing perishable foods and foods for immediate consumption.

Announcement of the provisions of the order was made by Fuel Administrator Garfield; after a white house conference which was attended also by Secretary Baker and Daniels.

The order is expected to go far towards clearing choked and congested railroad tracks and terminals. It was regarded tonight as likely that Secretary McAdoo, director general of railroads, might declare a railroad embargo against the shipment of the product of plants closed down if necessary further to relieve the roads.

The critical coal situation is blamed on the unusually severe weather of the last week, which has made it impossible in many instances to move coal at all and which has cut off the fuel supplies of whole cities. Officials who worked out the curtailment plan came to the conclusion, they said tonight, that the homes must be kept warm at all costs.

Congress In An Uproar.

Washington, Jan. 17.—After a con-

field, the war executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States issued a statement criticizing the fuel restriction order, but announcing that as it had been issued, "it is clearly the duty of business men to do all in their power to carry out its spirit and purpose."

While a storm of protest raged at the capitol and among business interests throughout the nation, Fuel Administrator Garfield signed the order closing down manufacturing plants east of the Mississippi river for five days beginning at midnight tonight and stopping virtually all business activity on Monday for a period of ten weeks beginning Jan. 21.

With the full support of President Wilson, the fuel administrator attached his signature to the mandate as the senate was preparing to vote on a resolution, which it passed twenty minutes later, requesting him to postpone action for five days. Dr. Garfield would not comment on the senate action, but it was stated at the fuel administration that the resolution would have no effect upon the order.

Congress was in an uproar from the time it assembled until it adjourned tonight. The senate resolution was passed 50 to 19 after many senators had denounced the order as unwise and unnecessary. In the house objection prevented consideration of the resolution, but it was the subject of an acrimonious debate.

Dr. Garfield was called before the senate manufacturing committee, which has been investigating the coal shortage, to explain the necessity of the order.

After leaving the capitol, Dr. Garfield hurried to his office and after a telephone conversation with the white house, called his legal aides to put the order in final form.

Hours were spent in stormy debate in both senate and house, members vehemently characterizing the fuel administration's step as entailing "national calamity" and "industrial paralysis."

PLAN APPEAL TO PRESIDENT.

Partisan lines were largely disregarded, particularly in the senate, and when it became apparent that the order was going into effect in spite of the senate request, plans were laid for submitting of an appeal directly to President Wilson tomorrow.

"Issuance of the orders tonight was a great discourtesy to the senate," said Senator Hitchcock, author of the resolution adopted, "but I do not see how congress can now act to suspend their operation. I hardly see what farther step can be taken by congress except by appeal to the president, in time to stay their execution."

Suspension or repeal of that part of the Lever food control law, under which Fuel Administrator Garfield acted, was one of the proposals considered by members of congress, Senator Hitchcock said tonight, and might be brought up tomorrow, although the necessary bill or resolution hardly could be passed by both houses in time to have any effect.

The Local Effect.

Local concerns affected by the order were closed yesterday. The Forbes Manufacturing Co. and the Mogul Wagon Works, both closed in the afternoon for five days. The mills were uncertain whether they were affected or not and had not closed. A great many places will close Monday, or at

ALIENS TO REGISTER

Chief of Police Roper Official Registrar For Hopkinsville.

FEBRUARY 4th TO THE 9th

If There Are Any Such Here They Are Not Known At This Time.

Chief of Police Roper has been designated by United States Marshal E. H. James as the official to hold in Hopkinsville the registration of all alien enemies under the recent order of President Wilson that all such in the United States must be registered. The official notice to Chief Roper reads:

"Under the rules and regulations governing the registration of alien enemies, you are the Chief Registrar for the City of Hopkinsville. As such you are hereby notified that the registration is to commence at 6 a. m., on February 4 next, and to continue on each day successively thereafter between the hours of 6 a. m. and 8 p. m. up to and including the 9th day of February, at 8 p. m."

The term "alien enemy," as at present defined by the statute, includes all natives, citizens, denizens, or subjects of a foreign nation or government with which war has been declared, being males of the age of 14 years and upward, who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized as American citizens. Females are not alien enemies within the present statutory definition.

The registration at this time is directed against subjects of the German government under the foregoing paragraph. The penalty for failure to register under this order is given as follows:

"An alien enemy required to register who fails to complete his registration within the time fixed therefor or who violates or attempts to violate, or of whom there is reasonable ground to believe that he is about to violate any regulation duly promulgated by the President of the United States or these regulations, in addition to all other penalties prescribed by law, is liable to restraint, imprisonment, and detention for the duration of the war, or to give security, or to remove and depart from the United States in the manner prescribed by sections 4,067, 4,069 and 4,070 of the United States Revised Statutes, and to all other penalties prescribed in the several proclamations of the President of the United States and in the regulations promulgated by or under the authority of the President."

"An alien enemy required to register who shall after the date fixed for the issuance to him of a registration card be found within the limits of the United States, its Territories or possessions, without having his registration card on his person, is liable to the aforesaid penalties."

From this it will be seen that the alien enemies are not only required to register but they must carry their registration card with them at all times and be prepared to show it whenever called upon.

So far as known there are no alien enemies in this city at the present time.

Newstead School Suspended.

The consolidated school at Newstead has been closed all of this week on account of the furnace being out of commission. The school will reopen Monday, Prof. Lowe Johnson is the principal.

Capt. Paul Banks, of Henderson, of the 21st Engineers' Brigade, has arrived safely in France, according to a cablegram to his wife.

LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS

From Thursday Until Monday After Short Session.

TRIGG COUNTY CONTEST

Referred To a Committee With Another Contest From Floyd.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 18.—After a short session here yesterday the legislature adjourned to meet in Frankfort Monday afternoon.

The chief feature of the session was the introduction of a large number of bills in both houses. Fifty-seven bills were introduced into the House and sixteen in the Senate.

Included in the bills in the House were several to make effective the present local option law. Four of these bills were bills prohibiting the shipments of liquor into dry territory.

Representative T. J. Smith, of Hart county, introduced a bill to prohibit members of the General Assembly from becoming intoxicated.

Senator W. A. Frost's State-wide prohibition bill was given the first reading in the Senate and placed on the calendar.

A contest committee, composed of Representatives Welch, Klair, McGowan, Street, O'Bannon, Cruse, McCandless and T. P. Oliver, were appointed to try the two contests now pending in the House.

A. F. Hanberry, Republican, is contesting the seat of G. F. Wathall, Democrat, of Trigg county, and S. F. Day, Democrat, is attempting to oust E. L. Allen, Republican representative from the Ninety-seventh district, composed of Floyd, Knott and Letcher counties.

DEATH OF MR. SCRUGGS

Recent Fall of Aged Citizen Resulted Fatally, Near Herndon.

Mr. Ned Scruggs, who was severely injured by a fall down a stairway in his home, near Herndon, died a few days ago. He lived with his daughter, Mrs. Winston Davis. He was 70 years of age. In falling, the old gentleman struck on his face, breaking his nose. He never recovered from the shock and pain, but gradually grew worse until death came.

Three children survive him, also a brother and sister. The burial took place in a neighboring graveyard Monday afternoon, under very trying weather conditions.

Draft Expenses.

The classified expenses of the first draft in Kentucky cost lots of money. The total expenses were over \$100,000, distributed as follows: To board members, \$56,673.50; to employees, \$18,395.04; physical examinations, \$1,225.30; rent, \$1,051.21; supplies, \$2,811.05, and estimated miscellaneous expenses, \$19,789.90.

Two More Snows.

A lady who has kept close tab on the snows, says when the first snow fell Nov. 23, it meant that we would have 23 snows during the winter. She has never known this rule to fail in an observation of a lifetime. If the snow had come on the first day of the month there would have been but one snow. With 23 snows coming to us, it will some consolation to know that counting all, including mere traces, we have already had 21 of them. Portions of the last seven are still on the ground.

ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

Of New County and City Administrations, With Salaries of Each.

AN INTERESTING LINE-UP

Deputies and Stenographers of Each Office Given--Put This in Your Scrap Book.

Every citizen has more or less business to transact with either the City or County officials, or both, during the year, and it should be of interest to every one to know just who is to serve him or her in such capacity during the present term of office. We give below a complete list of the City and County officials with their deputies and stenographers and assistants, and the salary or compensation of each office, as nearly as can be given at this time:

G. H. Champlin, County Judge, \$1500 a year plus fees of office.
S. T. Fruit, County Attorney, \$1200 a year plus fees of office.
J. J. Claiborne, Sheriff, commissions and fees of office.
Geo. B. Powell, Clerk, commissions and fees of office.
Wm. A. Nichols, Jailor, profits on boarding of prisoners.
Oscar M. Wilson, Assessor, commissions of the office.
L. E. Foster, Supt. Schools, \$2200 per year.
Dr. G. W. Loran, Coroner, fees for inquests held, \$8 each inquest.
Miss Bessie Sory, stenographer to Judge Champlin.
Miss Ruby Miles, stenographer to S. T. Fruit.
Sheriff's deputies, L. R. Davis, J. G. Gresham, Edgar Renshaw.
Deputy clerks, L. E. Barnes, Misses Flora Harris and Kathleen Stowe.
Miss Sue Morris, stenographer to Supt. Foster.
Geo. Hale, janitor at county jail, \$35.
Newt Ransom, colored, janitor at court house, \$45.
Deputy assessors not yet selected.

MAGISTRATES.

1st District—T. H. Moore, colored.
2nd "—W. S. Davison.
3rd "—W. L. Parker.
4th "—Roland G. Anderson.
5th "—E. C. Stevenson.
6th "—Jno. W. Wood.
7th "—F. W. Bowling.
8th "—E. W. Woodburn.
Officers elected by Fiscal Court or appointed:
O. N. Boyd, poor house keeper, salary per year, \$600.
J. Matt Moore, colored, supt. prison crew, salary \$720.
J. P. Prowse, Sr., poor commissioner, salary \$480.
Dr. M. E. Croft, county physician, salary \$300.
Dr. R. L. Bradley, state health inspector.
Jno. R. Marquess, delinquent tax collector, commissions.
Henry Ebling, oil inspector, salary based on amount business.
J. H. Dillman, road supervisor will hold his office till October, at which time his term of office will expire and a supervisor will be appointed.
C. R. Clark, circuit court clerk, is the only hold-over official that did not have to be re-elected. J. Feland Clark is his deputy.

H. C. McGehee is the representative from this county in the Legislature. While he is elected by the voters of the county he cannot properly be classed as a county official, since he has no duties except to assist in framing laws for the state at large. Nor is our State Senator, Frank Rives, a county official, being elected by the voters of both Hopkins and Christian counties, and his duties being about the same as those of the representative. While Circuit Judge C. H.

[CONTINUED ON EIGHTH PAGE]

Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

Published Every Other Day
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY
MORNINGS BY
CHAS. M. MEACHAM

Entered at the Hopkinsville Post-office as Second Class Mail Matter.

Established as Hopkinsville Conservative in 1866. Succeeded by Hopkinsville Democrat 1876. Published at the South Kentuckian 1879 to 1889.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

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WATCH THE DATE—After your name, renew promptly, and not miss a number. The Postal regulations require subscriptions to be paid in advance.

The six children of Charles Bard, ranging in age from 10 years to 4 months, were burned to death in their home near Caribou, Maine.

Allied airplanes last Thursday dropped 1,000 copies of President Wilson's message to Congress on occupied areas in Belgium.

Mrs. Frank Kerr, of Shelby City, Ky., saved her life when her dress caught fire from an open grate by rushing from her home and plunging into a four-foot snowdrift.

The money taken from the army bank at Camp Funston by Capt. Lewis Whisler last Friday night, after he had killed four employees and injured a fifth, said to have been more than \$62,000, was found Tuesday hidden in the walls of Whisler's quarters in the barracks at the camp.

Royal C. Johnson, congressman, of South Dakota, is now a private in the regular army at Camp Meade—drawing \$33 per month as a soldier and turning back into Uncle Sam's treasury the \$7,500 due him as congressman. Johnson's secretary, Hiram Boucher, is in the Ambulance Corps.

In the Kentucky House the prohibition ratification passed by 60 to 10. In the Senate the vote was 27 to 6. The proposed amendment would prohibit the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes.

Here at last seems to be a hanging case. Walter Spoemann, a German spy, whose name was associated with that of Capt. Boy-Ed, notorious attaché of the German embassy, was arrested at the Norfolk Training grounds Monday night as he was attempting to blow up a powder magazine. Papers found in his room contain incriminating evidence against a number of prominent people in Baltimore and Washington.

Many students of the Officers' Training Camp at Camp Zachary Taylor, says the Courier-Journal, are unable to stand the strain of the intensive training, have been ordered to return to their commands. In some instances the men were relieved from duty at the training camp at their own request and in other cases regimental commanders unable to dispense with their services have requested that their men be returned to the command.

Keep Your House Sweet.

An excellent deodorizer is a little pan of cloves which have been sprinkled with a few drops of spirits of lavender. Put a few bits of charcoal into the bottom of the pan. If charcoal is not convenient some bits of orange peel will do, as they soon turn into charcoal. Sprinkle the cloves liberally on these, and when wanted to perfume the house place on the stove until they begin to smoke. The fumes soon will penetrate the house, and the odor is much like that of the carnation. It will effectively cover the odors of fish, cabbage, turnips and the like.

Ouija Board.

The so-called ouija board has no more intelligence than any other piece of wood and its movement or action in the supposed answering of questions is controlled or imparted to it either consciously or unconsciously, innocently or fraudulently, voluntarily or involuntarily, by the operator. It is practically the same thing under a new name as the planchette board, which had such a great run in the early days of the spiritualism craze.—Exchange.

FARM ANIMALS

SEPARATE BOAR FROM SOWS

Practice of Permitting Him to Run With Herd Is Frowned Upon by Many Swine Breeders.

The practice of letting the boar run with the sows is generally frowned upon by swine breeders. There are many reasons why the herd does better if the boar is kept separate. He worries the rest of the hogs as well as himself when he is with the herd. The waste and possible injury to the boar by too much breeding, if more than one sow comes in heat at the same time, is useless and can be avoided by keeping the boar alone and turning the sow in to him. This assists in keeping records. The owner knows when the sow was bred. Also knowing when she is due to farrow, he can be prepared for this event, which may be the cause of saving one or more pigs. Small litters as well as weak pigs are as often the direct results of letting the boar run with the sows as they are due to a poor brood sow. And to use a boar whose breeding powers have been impaired by unwise herd management is a financial loss to the owner.

RATIONS FOR YOUNG PORKERS

Concentrates Rich in Muscle and Bone-Making Material Needed for Thrifty Development.

Weaned pigs need good concentrates that are rich in muscle and bone-making material to insure thrifty development. Accustom them to their feed gradually, as overfeeding will readily produce scouring. From 10 to 12 days are essential in getting young pigs adjusted to the change. However, they should be fed lightly at least three times daily during this time.

The following rations are good for young pigs: (1) Skim milk and wheat middlings. (2) One part ground grain



Convenient Weaning Trough.

of some kind to two parts wheat middlings or rice meal. Ground oats and rice meal make a splendid mixture. Feed as indicated above with skim milk.

BEWARE OF GARGET IN EWES

Inflammation of Udder Is Common Trouble at Lambing Time and Needs Immediate Attention.

Garget, or inflammation of the ewe's udder, is a common trouble at lambing time, and it should be given immediate attention. The udders of heavy milking ewes are likely to become inflamed and as a result the ewes may have milk fever. Overfeeding of grain, colds, chills and lying on wet floors are some of the causes of this condition. When discovered, the ewe's udder should be bathed with hot water by means of wooden cloths. After the udder has been dried, it can be rubbed with turpentine and lard, or with one-half ounce of lead acetate dissolved in one quart of water. The udder should be kept wet with acetate for half a day. It should be milked out thoroughly each time the application is made. It is also advisable to give the ewe a good dose of Epsom salts as soon as the trouble is noticed.

SHEEP RELISH SWEET CLOVER

Care Must Be Taken to See That Pastures Are Not Overstocked—Yellow Variety Best.

Sheep relish sweet clover and make rapid gains when pastured on it. Care must be taken to see that pastures are not overstocked with sheep as they are likely to eat the plants so close to the ground as to kill them. This is especially true the first year before the plants have formed crown buds.

Yellow biennial sweet clover probably will not suffer from this cause as much as the white species, because the plants make a more spreading growth, and are not likely to be eaten so close to the ground.

RAM'S FEED DURING WINTER

Object is to Carry Them Through Cold Weather Season as Cheaply as Is Possible.

In feeding rams during the winter season, the object is to feed them as cheaply as possible, but at the same time keep them in a thrifty condition. Oats, bran and meal may be relied upon to meet all the requirements of a grain ration.

GLAD TO TESTIFY

Says Watoga Lady, "As To What Cardui Has Done For Me, So As To Help Others."

Watoga, W. Va.—Mrs. S. W. Gladwell, of this town, says: "When about 15 years of age, I suffered greatly... Sometimes would go a month or two, and I had terrible headache, backache, and bearing-down pains, and would just drag and had no appetite. Then... I would last... two weeks, and was so weakening, and my health was awful."

My mother bought me a bottle of Cardui, and I began to improve after taking the first bottle, so kept it up till I took three... I gained, and was well and strong, and I owe it all to Cardui.

I am married now and have 3 children... Have never had to have a doctor for female trouble, and just resort to Cardui if I need a tonic. I am glad to testify to what it has done for me, so as to help others."

If you are nervous or weak, have headaches, backaches, or any of the other ailments so common to women, why not give Cardui a trial? Recommended by many physicians. In use over 40 years. Begin taking Cardui today. It may be the very medicine you need.

NC-130

(Advertisement.)

Preferred Locals

WANTED

Machinist-operator for linotype on or about Jan. 20. Work on morning paper. Address,

KENTUCKIAN,
Hopkinsville, Ky.

Smithson water delivered Tuesdays and Saturdays. Phone 633-1. Advertisement.

Good Morning. Have You Seen The Courier?
Evansville's Best paper.

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Live Stock, Real Estate and General Auctioneer. Phone for terms and dates at my expense.

W. A. HOLMAN,
Adairville, Ky.

For Rent.

Four-room cottage at 108 West 17th Street. Bath, lights, city sewerage and nice garden. \$15 per month.
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Dissolved in water for douches stops

pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for 40 years.

A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical.

Use Paxtine in the bath and on the face.

ROAD BUILDING

SAFETY FACTOR IN CONCRETE

Aid Traveler at Night to Keep Road and Glaring Reflections of Surface Are Missing.

Any hard road is good, any permanent type—concrete, brick, asphaltum—is better. Each individual advocate has his own favorable argument, so the concrete man says, with a good deal of truth, that "not only do concrete roads harmonize with natural surroundings, and blend with objects in the landscape, but their light-colored surfaces aid the traveler at night to keep to the road. Since the top of a concrete pavement presents a sandy and gritty surface, there are no glaring reflections of sunlight nor mirror-like effects, as are found with many other types of surfaces when worn smooth or when wet."

"Dark-colored roads, merging into the grass and foliage at the roadside at night, are indistinct, and there is a likelihood of accidents at curves, whereas the light-colored surface is distinct from the sides of the road. Under motor traffic the concrete roadway offers an element of safety, as no matter how dark the night the clean, firm, light, nonskid surface is clearly defined to view."

ROAD DRAG MADE EFFECTIVE

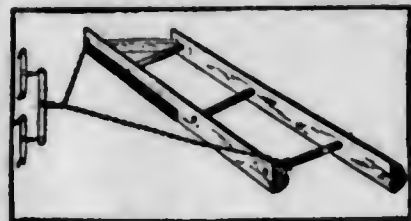
Directions Given for Constructing Implement Weighing About 200 Pounds for Dirt Road.

In response to a query as to the construction of a cheap, but effective road drag the following directions are given:

Take two planks each ten feet long, two inches thick and twelve inches wide, rounding both ends of one edge in a manner similar to the runners in a sled. The two planks are then placed on edge and connected on the top by two planks six feet long, thus making a sled ten feet long and six feet wide.

The two runners are again connected by two planks two inches thick and twelve inches wide. These planks are set on edge, the same as the runners, and at an angle of about 45 degrees to the runners, as follows:

On the right side of the drag start the diagonal plank 12 inches back of the front, and connect with the opposite runner (which will be the left side), 5 feet back of the front runner; then have another plank of the same



Efficient Road Drag.

dimensions exactly 4 feet back of the front diagonal plank. Be sure to make an opening in the runners on the left side, immediately in front of each diagonal plank, the opening to be about 5 inches high and 21 inches long. In order to make the drag solid and well braced run a 2 by 12 inch plank diagonally across the top, opposite the planks which serve as a drag.

Have an iron shoe about one-quarter inch thick and 3 inches wide on the front of the two dragging planks, the bottom of the iron shoe to be one-half inch below the runner on the right side and exactly even with the runner on the left side.

Large holes should be bored in front ends of the runners in which to attach the rope or chain to pull the drag. It is well to hitch the horses as close as possible. The total weight of the drag, under these specifications, is about 200 pounds and an ordinary team can pull it on a dirt road, with a heavy man on, with less effort than any other drag of the same dimensions on the market and it will be found that this road leveler will do far better work than a split-log or metal drag.

PLAN COAST-MIDLAND TRAIL

Promoters Propose Route From San Francisco to Washington, Via Denver to St. Louis.

The Midland trail, a highway to extend from San Francisco to Washington, D. C., is the latest piece of modern roadway to cross the continent.

Officials of the executive committee named by the promoters have circulated a communication, with a map, showing the states, cities and towns that will be traversed by the new road. Leaving San Francisco, it will come to Salt Lake City, St. Louis, Louisville, Lexington, Winchester, Ashland, Huntington, Charleston, Richmond and on to Washington.

Peach-Tree Borer.

The peach-tree borer is a most destructive insect when allowed to increase for a few years without molestation.

Like Buttermilk Best.

After a calf learns to drink buttermilk it does not care for the sweet milk.

Plenty of Mite Powder.

Don't let your supply of insect powder run short. Use it regularly and liberally.

We Don't Solicit

The business of every man, but wnt the account of the reliable and trustworthy only. Always ready, able and willing to assist those deserving help, we have doubled our deposits in the last two and a half years, and point with real pride to the standing and general character of our customers. Are you one of them?

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Hopkinsville, Ky.

The United States Food Administration is trying to discourage the shipment of grain from territory where it will be needed later. It is not necessary for you to wait until some shipper has a car ready to load, nor is it necessary to pick out all colored corn. We will pay \$6.50 per barrel for all sound, dry, well matured corn, white, yellow or mixed, 76 lbs. in shuck to the bushel.

THE ACME MILLS.

Incorporated

Among the many monuments to General Sherman, the one situated in Calvary Cemetery, St. Louis, is a most unique, compelling design. The very character of its architecture seems to emphasize the faithful and honorable spirit of this old warrior.



We believe in being faithful to a trust. We believe in being honorable in our dealings. We do a high-charactered work at a reasonable price.

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Kentuckian "Buy at Home"

BE A HOME TOWN BOOSTER DEPARTMENT Help HOPKINSVILLE GROW

It's Money You Spend at Home That Makes Your Own Town Prosper and at the Same Time Means Bigger Business. Money Sent way Seldom Returns. To Boost Home Industries a Duty Every Citizen Owes His City.

Bob Wooldridge Henry Abernathy
FARMERS LOOSE FLOOR
Sell your tobacco on this floor, if you want the highest price and best service.

Booker's Wholesale and Retail Bakery.
Buy The Best. Call for Booker's improved Sanitary Bread, finest Quality. Prompt Attention given to all Orders. Phone 237. Made in Hopkinsville.

Miss Katie McDaniel
No. 1 Odell Fellows Building
Residence, 210. Office, 179-2.
Fire, Life, Tornado—Accident and Health Liability.
Workmen's Compensation.

SEE OUR MR. ROOF FOR AUTO REPAIRING
Mechanical and Electrical Expert
15 Years Experience.
HOPKINSVILLE AUTO CO.
Agents For The Famous BRISCOE CAR. PRICE \$725.00

W. H. TANDY PIANOS
Player-Pianos, Organs, Phonographs
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Phone 927-1. Hopkinsville Ky

The Waller & Trice Co.
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READING UNDERTAKERS
and
HOUSE FURNISHERS
9th and Main Streets.

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Laundry, Dry Cleaning, Pressing
Under The Most. Equal to Any.
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6th & Va. Phone 223.

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Everything In The Plumbing Line.
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V. H. Hisgen
Paper Hanger and Decorator.
Hardwood Work a Specialty.
Carry the latest designs in Wall Paper and the best grade of Paints. Phone 711 for prices.

GOOD DRUG STORE is a protection as well as a convenience and merits your patronage.
Ours is a good Drug Store.
Martin & Boyd.

B. Ficken's Anti-Septic Barber Shop. Near 9th and Main
Latest Styles of Hair Cut. Phone 1133

HOME AND THE HOME MERCHANT

The Seminary of All Other Institutions.

HOME PARADISE TO ADAM

By Home Buying the Consumer Helps Not Only His Town, but Helps Himself—Every Man With a Heart Loves Home and Town—Some Should Be Conscience Stricken.

(Copyrighted, 1914, by Thomas J. Sullivan.)
Only the home can found a state. It is the seminary of all other institutions. There is magic in that little word home. It is a mystic circle that surrounds comforts and virtues never known beyond its hallowed limits.

We need not power or splendor, Wide hall or lordly dome. The good, the true, the tender— These form the wealth of home.
Destroying Your Paradise.
The retail mail order houses are trying to destroy your home and your paradise by inducing you to buy your necessities from them instead of your local merchants, to the injury of your home industries, home market and home town.

There is so much difference in buying goods of a home place of business and ordering them by mail from a catalogue house from a mere picture or description that I want to point out a few facts that many may never have thought of.

May Examine and Select.
At the home store you make your wants known; the salesman shows you the desired article, helps select or suggest the article best suited to your needs.

Thus you have an opportunity to examine the quality, to see the style, to select the size and color, as the case may be; you can compare the different grades, and then if everything is satisfactory and in your judgment the price is right you will make the purchase.

Will Exchange or Refund.
When you get home and upon a rigid examination you find a flaw or mar on your purchase, or the article may be too large or too small, or a black instead of a blue, then the next day or the week after you go to your dealer and explain, and he will gladly exchange the item or refund the money.

PRINCESS AND REX THEATERS

D. W. Kitchen
Dealer In—Books, Stationery and Wall Paper
Picture Framing, Blank Books, and Office Supplies
6 South Main Street.

And another matter worthy of serious thought is this: Supposing the mail order houses could sell goods cheaper and everybody would under his goods from them.

The local stores would soon exist only in memory. You would then be at the mercy of the mail order houses entirely and be obliged to send away for everything.

Buy Big Things at Home.
Remember a store cannot be kept up with small purchases if the local money is sent away for the big things.

This method will result only in ruining your home trade and in helping to build up an enormous corporation in some faraway city.

The failure to patronize home merchants decreases the value of farms, and town property becomes less valuable, as you well know that if a town goes back both local and surrounding values decrease.

Send your money away; you get nothing but the goods. Spend your money at home; it will come back to you in better towns, better stores and better social advantages.

Help Build Up Your Own Town.
Is it not more to your interest to help build up your own little city or town than to contribute to the up building of some faraway large city?

Is it not a fact that if your own town had 10,000 population instead of 1,000 it would be much better for all residents?

Would there not be much more employment?

Would not the consumption of products be greatly increased and consequently a farm within a radius of ten miles be worth from \$10 to \$50 an acre more?

This being the case, is it only a good thing for the merchant or tradesman if you buy from him?

Or is it equally as good a thing for you?

True Citizenship.
To Adam paradise was home. To the enterprising among his descendants home is paradise.

True citizenship is not all in rallying round the flag of our country and singing "Hail, Columbia."

The true spirit of patriotism is shown by the man who patronizes home industry first, last and all the time.

BUY YOUR Groceries and Produce From
CLIFF CLARK
No. 203 E. Ninth Street.

Bring Your Junk to the new **JUNK MAN**
We are paying the highest market price for all kinds of Junk, feathers, wool, roots, and furs. Cor. 8th and Water sts. Tel. 102. Wagon will call for it. H. Meyer, Prop.

R. C. WHITE Tire and Vulcanizing Co.
Have Those Old Tires Repaired. We Guarantee Our Work.
Firestone Tires, Tubes and Accessories.

"BUY LAND NOW"
In Christian County, is the advice of the Home Investment Agency, But, "Buy It Right" Talk to CHAS. F. SHELTON, Manager, Before You Buy. Office Court Street. South Side.

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Contractors and Builders
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Electric Wiring, Fixtures and Plumbing,
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Hardware and Hardware
Specialties
Field and Garden Seed, Fertilizer,
Buggies and Harness

BUCK BRAND OVERALLS CO.
(Incorporated.)
L. D. BROWNING, Mgr.
Hopkinsville, Ky.
Forbes Office Building, Main Street.

E. H. HESTER
Contractor and Builder
Building Material
Phones—Office 540. Residence 11040
Office—109 South Virginia Street.
Let Me Build Your House.

R. S. Ambrose.
Lumber, Sash, Doors, Bricks, Red Cedar Shingles, Rubber Roofing, Paints and Oils. Call and get our estimates and lowest prices. 7th St. next to mill.

Frankel's
SHIRT STORE
INCORPORATED
Hopkinsville, Ky.
Every Thing You Wear.

Dalton Brothers Brick Co.
Incorporated.
Brick Manufacturers and Builders
Two million brick for sale.
Cement, Lime, Sand, Sewer Pipe and Drainage Fire Brick.

A Mysterious Burial in Siam

By WARREN MILLER

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

In Siam on the banks of the Klong canal, not far from the city of Bangkok, lived Lim Thal in a thatched house elevated on posts and looking more like an antiquated barn than anything else. One night Lim Thal came home from a gambling house in Bangkok—the Siamese bent the Mexicans in gambling—having lost what little money he had, and settled himself to chewing the betel nut before turning in on his straw bed.

While thus engaged, the juice of the betel nut dripping through the openings in the floor, Lim looking through the crevices in the back of the house, uttered an exclamation of surprise and cunning satisfaction. His abode, though a primitive one, stood in the vicinity of the residence of Thee Wan, a rich ivory merchant. Lim had very good eyes and could distinguish distant objects with remarkable clearness.

He saw Thee Wan and his wife carrying from the rear of their house a box just large enough to contain a little child. Thee carried the box while his wife held a light. They took the box to a spot about a hundred yards from their house; Thee dug a hole in the ground; the box was placed in it, covered with earth; then the man and his wife knelt beside the spot, and they said their prayers. This being finished, Thee led his wife away, she weeping as though her heart would break.

Lim Thal was overjoyed. He had often gazed upon the palatial residence of Thee Wan and cursed his fate in having to live in such a humble abode as his own while Thee Wan resided in such splendor. Lim did not consider that while the merchant had worked hard for his comforts, he (Lim) had spent his time gambling.

Lim had a lively imagination, and evolved many explanations of the secret burial he had witnessed. This was his favorite theory: Thee Wan's wife had an orphan nephew, a minor, who would inherit a large fortune in elephants. The child had been under the care of his aunt. To get possession of the elephants, the couple had murdered the heir and buried him in the rear of their grounds in the dead of night.

While Lim was asleep that night he dreamed that Buddha had appeared to him and told him that his theory was correct, and directed him to send a message to Thee telling him that he knew his secret and unless he would send him a hundred tekels (about \$30) he would inform the king's officers that he had seen him and his wife bury their nephew at midnight.

Now, while Lim had every confidence in his dream and in Buddha, he would rather have examined the grave himself and confirmed the theory. Unfortunately, the grounds of Thee were inclosed and guarded by dogs. Lim would have poisoned the dogs, but the dog is a sacred animal in Siam, and Lim dared not commit such an unholly act. So he proceeded more discreetly, obeying Buddha's instructions, and sent an anonymous letter to Thee demanding blackmail.

Lim waited a week, and receiving no reply, he sent another message to Thee, this time demanding a thousand tekels for keeping the secret. Since this produced no effect he kept on sending demands, till, tired of threats, he sent one more message declaring that it was the last, and that if the money was not immediately forthcoming he would inform the king's judicial officers of what he had seen.

This, like the rest of Lim's messages, not producing any effect, he informed the king's chief procurator of the mysterious burial and awaited the result. He was soon summoned to court, where he told the whole story, including the elephant fortune, which had been confirmed by Buddha in his dream.

The king was very wroth when he heard of the elephants, for his majesty has a cinch on the elephants in Siam, and it is hands off by all others. He sent an order for Thee Wan to appear before him and answer to the charge that had been made against him and his wife. Thee appeared at the court, and begged that the king send his chamberlain to his house; the grave should be opened, and the contents of the box exposed.

The same day the chamberlain, Thee Wan, and his wife, and Lim, with attendants from the court, stood beside the spot where the burial had taken place. The grave was opened, the lid removed, and there lay the remains of a little monkey.

Thee explained that it had been a pet of his wife's, that there was no nephew, no elephant fortune; indeed, that Lim had coined the story out of his brain.

Lim was taken by the chamberlain to the king and the results of the investigation were given to his majesty. Lim begged to be excused for making a mistake which was a very natural one, and the king might have excused him on the ground that his theory had been confirmed by Buddha himself; but his majesty was greatly disappointed at not being able to confiscate a herd of elephants to attach to his own herd, and consequently not disposed to leniency. He ordered Lim to be beheaded, and the poor man, instead of having a house over his head, however imperfect, was consigned to a home under ground.

Say, You!



HOW about that printing job you're in need of?

Come in and see us about it at your first opportunity. Don't wait until the very last moment but give us a little time and we'll show you what high grade work we can turn out.

L. & N.

Time Card

Effective Apr. 15, 1917.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 93—C. & N. O. Lim. 12:21 a. m.
No. 51—St. L. Express 5:29 p. m.
No. 95—Dixie Flyer 9:32 a. m.
No. 55—Hopkinsville Ac. 7:00 a. m.—Daily (Except Sunday.)
No. 53—St. L. Fast Mail 5:36 a. m.
No. 91—Ev. and G. accom. 8:58 a. m.—Daily (Except Sunday.)

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 92—C. & St. L. Lim. 5:29 a. m.
No. 52—St. Louis Express 10:20 a. m.
No. 94—Dixie Flyer 7:05 p. m.
No. 56—Hopkinsville Ac. 8:55 p. m.—Daily (Except Sunday.)
No. 54—St. L. Fast Mail 10:14 p. m.
No. 90—Ev. and G. accom. 3:26 p. m.—Daily (Except Sunday.)

No. 51 connects at Guthrie for Memphis and points as far south as Erin, and for Louisville, Cincinnati and the East.

Nos. 53 and 55 make direct connection at Guthrie for Louisville, Cincinnati and all points north and east thereof.

No. 93 carries through sleepers to Atlanta, Macon, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, and Tampa, Fla. Also Pullman sleepers to New Orleans, Tenn. at Guthrie for points East and West. No. 93 will not carry local passengers for points north of Nashville, Tenn.

W. N. CHANDLER, Ticket Agent.

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Join the 1,000,000 women who turn to McCall's every month for correct fashion, for patterns, for economical buying for fancy needlework, for good stories—fun, pleasure, for help, for style.

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Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

An Immense Diamond.
A diamond has been found in a Grigoland West (South Africa). The stone is amber colored, weighs four hundred and forty about a quarter of a pound, and this is not a record as regards weight, it is the finest that has been found in that section of the

Insect Language.
Insects, like birds and animals, have their calls, naturalists say. But the sounds they produce include the rubbing together of their limbs or wing covers, and the vibration of their wings, so they cannot always be spoken of as voices. Flies and bees undoubtedly mean something when they hum louder and louder.

Instinct.
Mrs. Van Speederly (gazing at her crying infant)—I wonder what ails it? If it were a nutcracker I could tell in a minute but babies are so different.

Mistaken Identity.
The ancient's supposed rock crystal to be merely ice congealed by intense cold.

An Acre.
An acre originally meant in both Latin and Anglo-Saxon a field of any size. As a measure of land it was first defined under Edward I of England as the amount that a yoke of oxen could plow in a day. It was under the reign of George IV. that a uniform standard was given to this name 4,840 square yards.

HIGH PRICES LITTLE DOING

Tobacco Market Almost Completely Knocked Out By Weather.

The tobacco market maintains its strength since the holidays and the average is \$14 against \$13.37 before Christmas. The market is still strong and is expected to remain so until a general thaw comes. A small other lines of tobacco, however, are in very full season prevailing.

REPORT FOR WEEK ENDING
JAN. 17.

Sales for the week 80,725
Sales for season 1,435,965
Sales this date, '17, 2,659,852
Average this week, \$13.97
Average this season, \$13.50

Trash, \$12.00 to \$12.50
Common Lugs, \$12.50 to \$13.00
Medium Lugs, \$13.00 to \$13.50
Good Lugs, \$13.50 to \$14.00
Low Leaf, \$13.50 to \$14.00
Common Leaf, \$14.00 to \$15.00
Medium Leaf, \$15.00 to \$16.00
Good Leaf, \$16.00 to \$17.50.

L. B. CORNETTE,
Pres. Tobacco Board Trade.

HAD FAITH IN SCIENCE.

Although the king is to tap 50 tons of molten steel in Scotland, he will not have to face an ordeal like one to which his father, when prince of Wales and a pupil of Lyon, afterward Lord Playfair, was challenged, relates the London Chronicle. "Have you faith in science?" asked the tutor of his royal pupil. "Certainly," replied the prince. Playfair washed the youth's hand and wrist with ammonia. "Will you now place your hand in this cauldron and ladle out a portion of boiling lead?" "Are you serious?" answered the prince. Being answered in the affirmative, he plunged in his hand and ladled out the white-hot metal, unscathed.

LIKE PAGE FROM THE PAST.

This is like a page from the past to read that the mountain lions, wolves and coyotes are accused by the cattlemen of New Mexico of killing \$2,500,000 worth of sheep and beef cattle a year. Such execution argues the survival of rather large numbers of vigorous and enterprising wielders of claw and fang.—Syracuse Journal.

Making Nails.

An excellent illustration of the difference between old and new methods is the ordinary common nail. Formerly the metal was cut into strips and then forged into shape with hammers, and an expert took about one minute and a half for each nail. Today they are made of steel and are lighter and stronger. Strips are cut with steam shears and fed into automatic machines. One man tends three machines, dropping a nail every second.

He Who Tolls.

The average man does not love work for its own sake. This is a truism, and a truism rather idly worded, makes an exchange. And yet we are convinced that real laziness, real disinclination to bodily or mental effort, is one of the rarest things in the world. Cases of it are unquestionably known to the medical profession and to the household authorities, but when the cause is not bookworm or anemia, it is usually a too enthusiastic thermometer.

Youthful Mothers.

Some of the world's notables have been born of parents well over thirty years of age. Conversely great numbers of them were born of youthful mothers. Abraham Lincoln's mother was only twenty-five at the time of his birth. Napoleon the Great was born of parents twenty-three and nineteen years of age, respectively. The mother of Pasteur, undoubtedly the greatest genius France has yet produced, was under thirty, as were the mothers of Herbert Spencer, Michael Faraday and John Stuart Mill.

Increase in Muskrats.

As an illustration of how rapidly the muskrats increase in some districts, the Bavarian commission which reports on the matter says in Schusselburg in 1911 there were ten muskrats—we don't know who counted them—while in 1913 the number had increased to about 300, and in 1916 to more than 1,000. In some places it is said the energetic muskrats had driven away the water birds, "after destroying the eggs and young had taken possession of the floating nests and converted them to their own use."—Farm Life.

It Generally Does.

Speech was given to man to disguise his thoughts.—Tallyrand.

MR. GAITHER'S WILL BRIEF

Leaves All of His Estate To Has Wife—City Bank Executor.

The will of Nat Gaither was admitted to probate yesterday. It was a brief document written by Mr. Gaither himself Jan. 6, 1913, leaving all of his property of every kind, including his real estate, to his wife, Mrs. Rebecca Gaither, and at her death the estate to be divided equally among his five children. In a codicil Jan. 22, 1913, he designated the City Bank & Trust Co. as executor of the will and trustee for Mrs. Gaither and the unmarried daughter, Rebecca, with power to sell and reinvest real estate after consultation with Mrs. Gaither.

MARRIAGES

Dade-Baynam.

Dr. Randolph Dade and Miss Ruth Baynam surprised their friends with a quiet home wedding Thursday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hill, Mrs. Hill being the bride's sister. The young people had been sweethearts for some time, but the decision to marry at once was not arrived at until the day before. The wedding was hastened by the fact that Dr. Dade is in daily expectation of being ordered to report for duty as an officer of the Medical Reserve Corp.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. S. Anderson, of the Westminster Presbyterian church. Mr. Errett Lipscomb and Miss Maybelle Hill were the only attendants. Miss Mary Danforth played Mendelssohn's wedding march. The bride was attired in a blue cloth suit and a velvet hat to match. The ring ceremony was used. They went at once to the T. C. depot and took the afternoon train for Nashville. After a few days they will return and take rooms at Judge G. H. Champlin's.

The bride is the youngest daughter of the late G. E. Baynam and is an attractive and popular young lady. Dr. Dade is a son of Esq. C. L. Dade and is a rising young physician of this city, specializing in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

Ragsdale-Cherry.

William E. Ragsdale, son of Mrs. Will Wash, who is a yeoman in the United States Navy, doing active service on a ship that has had battles with submarines, was married Jan. 12 to Miss Anne Mae Cherry, of Norfolk, Va. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's mother and the attendants were a full guard of armies from his ship. These attendants, as well as the groom, were in full dress uniform with white caps, belts and gloves. The ceremony was performed by Rev. William W. Edel, chaplain of the ship. The bride wore a dark blue suit.

Mr. Ragsdale was at home the last time last April, since which time he has been on duty steadily. He states in a letter to his mother that he and his bride hope to be here for a visit within the next eight weeks.

FOLLOWING THE FLAG.

The 12-pound son, born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman J. Kuppers last Saturday morning, has been christened "John Herman," complimentary to his father and Mr. John S. Crenshaw. Mr. Kuppers is now in an officers' training camp at Fort Sherman, Ohio. Mrs. Kuppers and little son are getting along nicely.—Cadiz Record.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Boyd, Miss Lucy Boyd and Mrs. E. E. Wash of Cadiz, left here yesterday for Tampa, Fla., to spend the remainder of the winter.

All Re-elected.

At the meeting of the stockholders of the City Bank & Trust company the old board of directors was again elected for the year 1918. These are W. T. Tandy, Ira L. Smith, T. B. Fairleigh, S. Y. Trimble and John B. Price.

EVERY BELGIAN MOTHER SHOULD RECEIVE PENSION

And Full Reparation Be Made For Every Atrocity, Says Kincheloe.

Hon. David H. Kincheloe, representative in congress from the Second Kentucky district, was the chief speaker at the Jackson Day banquet on Jan. 8. The Gazette Bulletin, of Williamsport, in referring to the speech of Representative Kincheloe, said:

More than 150 members and friends of the Young Men's Democratic club attended the 26th annual Jackson day banquet of the club held last evening at the Park Hotel. It was a banquet which will be long remembered by those present, as it was featured by one of the finest addresses given at any of these gatherings.

It had been hoped that Hon. Wm. B. Wilson, secretary of labor, in the president's cabinet, would be present and deliver an address on the subject, "What the United States is doing to make the world safe for Democracy," but ill health made it impossible for him to come. The other speaker of the evening, Hon. David H. Kincheloe, congressman from Kentucky, was given the double honor of covering the toast assigned to him and also that of Mr. Wilson and he acquitted himself splendidly. His talk held every man in the room and his eloquence and fine delivery made it one which bore home to each auditor the depth of feeling with which it was delivered.

Before the meal the men gathered in the hotel lobby and in the parlors where they met the guest of honor at an informal reception. The dining room was a handsome sight in its decoration of American flags and bunting, the club service flag and a picture of President Wilson being at the west side of the room back of the long speaker's table. Before the guests were seated the orchestra played "The Star Spangled Banner."

THE ADDRESS OF THE EVENING.
Mr. Edwards then presented the honor guest of the evening, who expressed his sorrow that Mr. Wilson was unable to be present, but paid a fine tribute to the absent cabinet member, than whom he said the laboring man has never had an abler champion. Mr. Kincheloe declared the entire South is solidly back of the government to-day with money, brains and blood.

WORD PICTURE OF WAR.

The speaker painted a tremendous word picture of the war and of what might have confronted America had not the United States entered into it on the side of the allies. He spoke strongly on the subject of peace, saying if he had his way he would never consent to any peace until every Belgian mother and child was pensioned and full reparation made for every atrocity.

Outlining the fiendish and treacherous policy pursued by Germany in her submarine policy, double dealing as to Mexico and every other nation in which intrigue could flourish. Mr. Kincheloe read parts of the revealed letters to German agents in this country and said that President Wilson, after submitting to everything that a peace loving and decent nation could do, called for a declaration of war.

"We're going to have an army," said the speaker. "We were not prepared when the war started, but never in the history of the civilized world has such progress been made. Thank God, no boy can buy his way out of the war nor hire a substitute. This war will mean a sacrifice of men and money. We all will sacrifice and unless some unforeseen thing happens, within twelve months we will stand by the biers of our honored dead."

Congressman Kincheloe poured bitter invective on the slackers, who, on one pretext or another, dodge their duty and who, he added, must apologize all their life for their acts.

\$100 Hog.

H. L. Nance, of the Slaughters neighborhood, sold a hog to F. X. Howard Tuesday for the big price of \$100.80. The hog weighed 560 lbs. net.

HOW THIS NERVOUS WOMAN GOT WELL

Told by Herself. Her Sincerity Should Convince Others.

Christopher, Ill.—"For four years I suffered from irregularities, weakness, nervousness, and was in a run down condition. Two of our best doctors failed to do me any good. I heard so much about what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for others, I tried it and was cured. I am no longer nervous, am regular, and in excellent health. I believe the Compound will cure any female trouble."—Mrs. ALICE HELLER, Christopher, Ill.



Nervousness is often a symptom of weakness or some functional derangement, which may be overcome by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as thousands of women have found by experience. If complications exist, write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for suggestions in regard to your ailment. The result of its long experience is at your service.

For Last Twenty Years.

The lowest temperatures since the weather bureau's establishment in Louisville in 1897, follow:

1897	.....	1	below
1898	.....	6	above
1899	.....	15	below
1900	.....	2	below
1901	.....	6	below
1902	.....	5	above
1903	.....	3	below
1904	.....	2	below
1905	.....	11	below
1906	.....	0	zero
1907	.....	5	above
1908	.....	3	above
1909	.....	1	above
1910	.....	1	above
1911	.....	3	above
1912	.....	12	below
1913	.....	9	above
1914	.....	3	above
1915	.....	4	above
1916	.....	2	above
1917	.....	5	below
1918	.....	16	below

Coldest Since 1884.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 6.—Fifteen degrees below zero at 7 o'clock Saturday, the coldest since 1884, the previous record since its establishment when the thermometer fell to twenty below, was reported at the weather bureau here today. The forecaster characterized the weather during the night, due to the wind as "probably the worst Louisville has ever experienced in 50 years." Trains arrived from Kentucky and southern points but traffic from the north had ceased.

Revolutions.
Revolutions are not made; they come.—Wendell Phillips.

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

Study of Plant Diseases At The State University

A systematic study of plant diseases which attack the various crops and vegetables that has never been made for the State of Kentucky. Losses to crops due to parasitic plant diseases amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars each year in the State. This loss ought to be reduced to a minimum.

The Department of Botany, of the University of Kentucky, plans in co-operation with the Bureau of Plant Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, to make a very thorough survey this year in the state. It is furthermore planned to keep up this survey from one year to the next and those who contribute this year shall plan to contribute the next year. This survey will attempt to find out what diseases are in the state, to learn the amount of damage done to each crop and in return the advice from correspondents will give advice as the various methods of control.

It is absolutely necessary that every citizen in Kentucky take a part in this survey. We desire to reach every town in the State and through its local paper bring to the attention of its readers the objects of this survey and the importance attached to it. We therefore desire a wide correspondence from the tillers of the soil regarding the diseases of their community. Leave nothing unreported, no

PNEUMONIA

Is a fatal disease. It begins hot and ends cold.

VICK'S VAPORUB

matter how slight the amount, as it is important to us.

What we need most are specimens, since these are authentic. We must always tell whether or not a certain disease occurs in a certain region because the same disease may be known to us by one name and to you by another. To be sure, it is always best to send in specimens. In this way we can be sure about the disease in question. Please remember when collecting nothing is too insignificant to be of value in this survey. Send in everything. Therefore, we are asking of you, dear reader, to consider yourself a part of this great survey and without your co-operation we are being handicapped. Always report an epidemic to the head of the Kentucky Plant Disease Survey as soon as discovered.

The department stands ready at all times to co-operate in controlling disease outbreaks, and would consider it a favor to have you call upon us for help. We also stand ready to identify unknown weeds as well as diseases. We ask that you see the editor of your local paper for frank tags for sending us specimens and anything you do for us will be greatly appreciated.

Address all correspondence to the following address:
Frank T. McFarland, Collaborator,
Plant Disease Survey,
College of Agriculture,
Lexington, Kentucky.

Closed For To-Day Will Open Tomorrow Morning

We are in hearty accord with THE PRESIDENT AND FUEL ADMINISTRATOR and will gladly place the above sign on our front door,

**Monday, Jan. 21st,
At 12 O'clock.**

Your business will be appreciated.
Kindly let's have your order early.

W. T. Cooper & Co.

Thank You -- Thank You

We wish to thank our friends for their appreciated liberal patronage during the year 1917 and ask a continuation of your business during 1918.

We want you to take advantage of some special bargains in Stoves, Heaters, Ranges and China now being offered at our Stove and China Store.

People are beginning to appreciate the fact that dollars are saved by doing business at our Stove and China Store. Join our saving club. Buy a Majestic Range and help Hoover.

Again thanking you and wishing you a Banner 1918.
Respectfully

FORBES MFG CO.

Incorporated

I OFFER YOU \$5.00 FOR \$4.50

Sounds strange, doesn't it? But that is exactly what I mean.

Having adopted a strictly cash plan of business, I have secured Conpon Books which are worth \$5.00 in groceries or fresh meats at my place. I will sell the books for \$4.50.

By selling strictly for CASH, and thus eliminating all losses from bad accounts, cost of bookkeeping and collecting, etc., I am able to offer this saving of TEN PER CENT to my customers.

My stock of groceries is complete and right up to the minute in every respect and my line of fresh meats is the best you can find anywhere FREE DELIVERY. Try me once and see the saving that will result.

G. E. Carpenter,

North Va. St., Opp. Hotel Latham, Phone 223.

AFTER KING FERDINAND

Russian Usurpers Are Trying
To Imprison Roumanian
King.

ARMIES IN WINTER QUIET

Only Activity Small Opera-
tions on Italian
Front.

Apparently there has been no amelioration in the tense situation existing between the bolshevik and the Rumanian government. Following closely upon the ultimatum to Rumania, threatening energetic military measures if the Rumanians failed immediately to release members of the bolshevik, who were arrested, comes the official announcement that the arrest of King Ferdinand, of Rumania, has been ordered by the bolshevik. If captured the monarch is to be brought to Petrograd and incarcerated in the famous St. Peter and St. Paul fortress.

Fighting between the bolshevik and the counter-revolutionary forces continues at various points in Russia proper and Siberia. Hostilities between the Ukrainians and bolshevik forces at Odessa again have broken out. Warships are said to have bombarded the city. Irkutsk, in eastern Siberia, and Orenburg, also in Siberia, have been captured by the bolshevik.

On the fighting fronts in France and Belgium the hostilities continue below normal. In Italy the Austrians again have attempted to recapture bridgehead positions taken from them by the Italians Monday. As in similar attacks the enemy was defeated and suffered heavy casualties.

Daily Thought.

Life is not so short but there is always time for courtesy.—Emerson.

We Feed the People

We are in Hearty Co-operation
with the present

FOOD ADMINISTRATION WE WILL SELL WAR FLOUR

At the following prices:

Per Barrel	- - - - -	\$11.50
48 lb. Bags	- - - - -	2.90
24 lb. Bags	- - - - -	1.50

These prices will remain the same until further notice.

"If On the Market We Have It"

Deliveries Daily.

Your Business Appreciated.

Telephone 79 or 118.

Quick Delivery Service.

C. R. Clark & Company

Incorporated

Wholesale and Retail Grocers

CAMP HOSPITALS

Badly in Need of Trained
Nurses--500 Wanted.

The outbreaks of measles at the cantonments, followed by the resultant complications, including pneumonia, have increased the need for additional nurses at the hospitals established in connection with the camps. At least 500 trained nurses are wanted at once.

After a recent inspection trip to one of the camps with a high sick rate the Surgeon General reported there had been 3,000 cases of measles. At the time of his visit there were 300 cases of pneumonia in the hospital.

The height of the measles epidemic is over, but pneumonia does not develop for some time after the incidence of the measles, so a considerable number of cases of pneumonia may be expected.

The pay of nurses is \$50 a month and maintenance. Application should be made to the superintendent, Army Nurse Corps, Mills Building, Washington, D. C.

Got a Fall.

Mr. E. C. Thomas, auditor of the Christian-Todd Telephone Co., sustained a fall one day this week on the ice and is carrying one arm in a sling in consequence. His wrist was badly sprained. He had both hands in his pockets when he fell.

COMPANY OF HOME GUARDS

Matter Brought To The At-
tention of Gov. Stanley
By Adj. Gen.

H. A. Robinson, who has been in correspondence with Adjutant General Ellis, as a member of the Council of Defense, has received a letter from Gen. Ellis saying he will hold a conference with Gov. Stanley relative the organization of a company of

Home Guards in Hopkinsville. The proposed companies are to be officered by veterans of the Spanish and Philippine wars, of whom there are quite a number in this city.

Gen. Ellis feels that Hopkinsville can organize a splendid company.

Only Six Sunk.

A marked decrease in the sinkings of British merchantmen by mine or submarines in the past week is noted in the report of the admiralty issued tonight. In this period only six merchantmen of 1,600 tons or over were sunk, and in addition two merchantmen under 1,600 tons. Two fishing boats were sunk.

In the previous week the admiralty

reported the loss by mine or submarine of 18 merchantmen of 1,600 tons or over three merchantmen under that tonnage and four fishing vessels. The report of Jan. 2 gave the sinkings as 21, 18 being 1,600 tons or over.

7 Negroes Burned To Death.

Bowling Green, Ky., Jan. 18.—Seven negroes, a farmer, his wife and five children, were incinerated Monday when their home near here was burned. Five grandchildren of the farmer were almost frozen when assistance reached them.

Man's Means and Wants.

It is not the emptiness of a man's means that makes him independent as much as the smallness of his wants.

THE KENTUCKIAN

WILL BE ISSUED AS A MORNING DAILY

ON OR ABOUT

JANUARY 30, 1918

Every Day Except Monday. With latest
Telegraphic News.

Always
Buy the Best
**TOILET
ARTICLES**
and Keep Pleased
with Your
Appearance



A Large Line of Beauty Aids

Every woman wants to be as attractive as possible. And it's perfectly right that she should be.

Actresses are more envied and admired, perhaps, than any other class of women. Yet they are not always the most beautiful.

They attribute their charms in a measure to the regular use of good creams, lotions, etc.

We have a line of the latest and most effective beauty aids, perfumes, etc., to please the most exacting.

J. O. COOK
DRUGGIST

City Bank & Trust Co.

Capital \$ 60, 000.00
Surplus and Profits 115, 000.00

Hopkinsville's Honor Roll
Bank and Trust Co.

WITH more than thirty years of success in serving two generations of business men and standing for every movement to build up and better this community.

3 Per Cent Interest on Time Deposits.

RAISE MORE POULTRY

Our meat supply is short and more poultry will help solve the problem. More poultry means more eggs and more eggs and poultry meat means a greater food supply. Poultry can be raised at lower cost and brought to maturity quicker than any other kind of live stock.

On Farms and in Back Yards

HOUSE the flock comfortably; keep houses dry and well ventilated, allowing plenty of fresh air and sunshine.

Remodel the old house—stop cracks and eliminate drafts.

Give hens a good straw litter to scratch in during the winter months.

EARLY hatched pullets produce more winter eggs and return the greatest profits. Early hatched chicks have the advantage of a longer and better growing season.

Hot weather retards the growth of young chicks.

NEVER allow the mother hen to range with the young chicks until they are at least two weeks old.

Enormous numbers of young chicks are lost each year by allowing them to run in the wet grass during their early life.

SHADE and range for chickens will give the best results. Hot sun retards growth. There should be trees, corn, sunflowers, etc., on the range to provide shade during the hot summer months.

Chickens on range pick up much of their food.

ELIMINATE the male bird at end of hatching season.

Fifteen million dollars is lost each year by allowing the rooster to run with hens during the summer months. Produce the infertile egg. Dispose of the male bird not later than June 1. Market a better quality of egg.

GREEN feed is excellent for poultry and can be substituted for a considerable amount of grain ration. Grow oats, vetch, and rape for summer use; cabbage and mangel beets for winter. Store cabbage and beets in a dry room or bury in a pit and cover with straw and earth.

GREATEST returns are procured by feeding sour milk or buttermilk to both young and old birds. Results in greater gains. Will require less grain. Produces more egg. Increases the profits. Makes a home market for waste by-products.

SAVE eggs during April and May for winter use by preserving in waterglass. Mix 9 quarts of water, boiled and cooled, with 1 quart of waterglass. Will preserve 15 dozen eggs.

Place the solution in a 5-gallon jar. Store in cool place for winter use.

More Eggs and Poultry Will Save Beef and Pork

For published information and individual advice on poultry raising write to your County Agent, State Agricultural College, or to the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Animal Industry WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE MARKET BASKET

(Prices at Retail)

Eggs per dozen	60c
Butter per pound	50c
Breakfast bacon, pound	55c
Bacon, extras, pound	38c
Country hams, large, pound	35c
Country hams, small, pound	35c
Lard, pure leaf, pound	35c
Lard, 50 lb. tins	\$13 50
Lard, compound, pound	30c
Cabbage, per pound	.05c
Irish potatoes, 50c per peck	
Sweet potatoes, 60c "	
Lemons, per dozen	30c
Cheese, cream, per lb.	40c
Four, 24-lb sack	\$1.50
Cornmeal, bushel	\$2 00
Oranges, per dozen 30c to	50c
Cooking Apples per peck	40c
Onions per pound	.06c
Navy beans, pound	20c
Black-eyed peas "	15c

Phosphorus Light.

To make a night light with phosphorus, place a piece of phosphorus about the size of a pea in a long glass bottle. Fill the bottle about one-third full of olive oil, heated to the boiling point, and cork tightly. When light is needed, take out the cork and allow the air to enter—then recork the bottle. The empty space in the bottle will become luminous. When the light becomes dim, uncork the bottle for a few seconds.

Raise Alligators.

There is money in raising alligators. One man near Los Angeles is said to have grown rich from the enterprise. It is a lucrative and practically uncrowded field for the man who has sufficient business initiative combined with physical courage to enter. Anyway, the matter is well worth looking into by the man who has decided that he would like to raise something and has concluded that chickens are the only possibility.—Exchange.

Mouth Decorations.

It is amazing how ideas of beauty vary with latitude and longitude. In Japan, the professional beauty loves to appear with golden teeth, in India she prefers them stained red, but in certain parts of Sumatra no lady who respected herself would condescend to have any front teeth at all. They are removed the moment they appear, and strictly suppressed if they should try again.

First Submarine Cable.

The first submarine cable was one that made communication possible between Calais and Boulogne, on one side of the English Channel, and Dover, on the other. This experiment is commented upon by the London Illustrated News in its issue for August 18, 1840.

MAKES A STUDY OF WALKING

Expert Uses Cinematograph to Determine Kind of Artificial Legs Needed by Invalid Soldiers.

A well-known German professor states that the designer of artificial legs for invalid soldiers must not rely only on what he is told by the patient and on what his own eyes tell him.

To say whether the limbs are really suitable requires a study such as the cinematograph enables the expert to conduct. Following the example of Otto Fischer when first studying the walking of man, he fastened, by means of straps, Geissler tubes to the outside of the legs of the subject, one along the thigh and one along the calf of the leg. The subject was then made to walk past the camera in a dark room. Diagrams were thus obtained consisting of four lines in each case, representing the changes in the positions of the legs, and it was soon noticed that a man with one sound leg and one artificial leg does not walk normally, and a man with two artificial legs still less so. Normal walking is always progressive in space, but people with artificial limbs threw the limb forward too much and then drew it back again. There was hence an unconscious waste of energy, and discomforts arose for which the inexperience of the invalid might be more responsible than the design and construction of the artificial limb.

MISSIONS OF THE AIRPLANE

Fighting and Bombing, Using Both Small and Fast, and Large and Powerful Machines is Purpose.

The tendency in airplanes has been to run to two extremes—for fighting, as small and fast as possible; and for bombing, as large and powerful as possible, says Scribner's. In a three-seater one passenger sits out in front mounted in a machine-gun turret. The pilot comes next, immediately behind the motor, while the second passenger sits behind him mounted in another machine-gun turret. This airplane is capable of carrying many hundreds of pounds of explosives and, being very fast and heavily armed, generally accomplishes its mission.

The German "Albatross" is capable of a horizontal speed of 300 kilometers (about 187 miles) an hour. It is a single seater and carries three machine guns, which, being controlled by the motor, shoot automatically and simultaneously through the propeller. The sight of these weapons converges at approximately fifty yards in front of the airplane, making the chance of hitting the opponent three times as sure. The motor is equipped with an electric self-starter. It has also electrical devices for keeping the water warm in the radiator while flying at great heights. The wing surface is less than twenty square yards.

RAISING RICE IN ITALY.

Rice cultivation is one of the principal industries of Italy, and particularly in the Turin consular district, the annual Italian rice production being about 660,000 tons. Of this amount, about 100,000 tons is rice hulls. It is estimated that there is at present on hand, about 200,000 tons of hulls from the 1915 and 1916 crops which, owing to the embargo on exportation from the kingdom, could not, as in former years, be sent to Switzerland and Germany as cattle food, says Joseph Emerson Haven, consul at Turin, in a statement to the department of commerce.

JAPAN'S LEADING FINANCIER.

Baron Eichi Shibusawa, Japan's foremost financier and business man, now retired, is said to be showing his practical devotion to Japan's welfare by delivering a series of talks on ethics, especially on commercial morality, before the Tokyo commercial schools. He said recently: "From my business experience of 50 years, I have learned that morality and economics can be harmonized. I feel it my duty to inculcate this principle in the minds of young commercial students."

ANTIFAT.

Mary Pickford, the movie star, was talking about a sister-star who had grown fat.

"She ought to have a love affair, an unfortunate love affair. That would bring her down," Miss Pickford said.

"A state of longing," she added, "forbids, you know, a state of broadening."

Sign of Relief.
A woman always heaves a sigh of relief when her husband has written out the checks for his monthly bills, because she knows that she is free to hurry down town and run up a few more.

Bible Mention of Ebony.
There is only one reference in the Bible to ebony. It occurs only in Eze 27:16, as one of the most important commodities imported into Tyre.

Donald's Idea.
Having been taken through the steorage on an ocean voyage, and knowing there were several "classics" on a ship, Donald, in his first conversation with the new English cook, asked, "Did you come over storage?"

Hardening Wood.
Wood acquires a remarkable hardness and toughness when it is placed in tanks and covered with quicklime, which is gradually soaked with water.

A Free School

At the Avalon
January 21st and 22nd.

Be sure and come and learn how to get better service out of your tractor. This school will be conducted by practical tractor men who have had long experience in handling farm tractors.

Demonstrations will be made from tractors and engines themselves and special attention will be given to instructions in repairs and adjustments. In addition to this an opportunity will be given all who come to ask questions on every point in which they are interested. **DON'T FAIL TO COME TO THIS SCHOOL. DON'T FORGET THE TIME AND PLACE.**

Planters Hardware Co.
Incorporated.
Hopkinsville, Ky.

CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

—OF— Bank of Hopkinsville

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS
DEC. 31, 1917.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	\$407 896 47
Banking House	23 000 00
Stocks and Bonds	52 157 78
Liberty Bonds	43 050 00
Overdrafts	1 290 19
Cash and Sight Exchange	225 738 16
	\$753 132 60

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	\$100 000 00
Surplus Fund	25 000 00
Undivided Profits	94 59
Due Depositors	583 762 01
Bills Payable	40 000 00
Dividends Unpaid	276 00
Dividend No. 105, this day	4 000 00
	\$753 132 60

J. E. McPHERSON, Cashier.
HOPKINSVILLE, KY. JAN. 1st, 1918.

76th Semi-Annual Condensed Statement

—OF THE— City Bank & Trust Co.

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS
Dec. 31, 1917.

ASSETS.

Loans	\$115 382 39
Bonds	140 648 75
Overdrafts	2 382 46
Banking House	15 000 00
Other Real Estate	6 000 10
Cash and Sight Exchange	287 696 16
	\$1 067 109 76

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	\$ 60 000 00
Surplus	100 000 00
Undivided Profits	20 000 00
Set Aside Acct. New Building	5 000 00
Dividend No. 75, 5 per cent.	3 000 00
Special Dividend, 5 per cent.	3 000 00
Set aside for Taxes	2 285 22
Bills Payable for Liberty Bonds	36 000 00
Cashier's Checks	220 00
Deposits	817 604 54
	\$1 071 109 76

IRA L. SMITH, Cashier.

AND PEACE CASUALTIES

Spectacular to Lose Limbs in Battle Than in Factory, but Re-Education is Necessary.

George Edward Barton, author of "Re-Education," recently gave out a most interesting interview in Washington, where he had gone to see the secretary of war, the French ambassador and the heads of several departments of the surgeon general's office on the subject of the re-education of maimed and crippled soldiers. Mr. Barton, who is head of Consolation House in New York, said in part:

"The needs of the re-education of cripples are not made by war, but are only intensified by it; we draft a whole army of industrial cripples every year. The federal commission on industrial relations gives the annual list of accidents, approximately, 35,000 fatalities and 700,000 injuries involving disability of over four weeks.

"That these figures would be equaled by the casualty list in our army overseas is improbable, and while it is perhaps more spectacular to lose one's arm or leg in the din of the turmoil of battle than it is to lose the same member in that of a mill, factory or foundry, the results—so far as the individual is concerned—are practically the same, and the needs of society for the re-education of that man are identical."

Mr. Barton's book formulates a plan whereby disabled soldiers may be made almost or wholly self-supporting.

DISCORDS



Smart—What broke up the amateur orchestra?
Wise—The members were not in harmony.

GRIEVANCE

"Sarb," said Hop, with a hurt expression on his handsome face, "you shouldn't have told that story about us that appeared in the paper, with a cut, Wednesday."
"Why not?"
"Because it wasn't true, that's why not. And it puts me in a bad light. It represents me as trying to make a touch for five dollars. Now I never, under any circumstances, borrow money from my friends."
"Hop," said Sarb, patiently, "let's be friends."

CONSERVING.

"Last winter I used to feed the dear little snowbirds."
"Won't you keep it up?"
"Certainly not. Instead of wasting bread crumbs on the dear little birds, I feel morally obliged to catch 'em and eat 'em."

HOME REASONS.

"Why do you think a man like Jagers, with a wife and growing daughters, is so anxious to go to the front?"
"I heard him say he wanted some peace and quiet."

BETTER COMPANY.

"Bliggins is studying French."
"Great. Bliggins will never stop talking. But it will be some comfort not to be able to understand him."

LOST LABOR.

He—Our hostess swept out the room without a single glance.
She—Well, that doesn't surprise me, the way her room looks.

ONE IS ENOUGH.

Country Editor—Will you pay subscription with vegetables?
Country Subscriber—I will pay it vegetable.

CLASSIFYING HIM.

"Your honor, I arrested this man the Provolity theater."
"Is he an actor?"
Yes, sir—bad."

MAY END FEAR OF DENTISTS

Simplified Method of Filling is More Effective and Requires Less Painful Excavation.

The research work introduced at the Forsyth Dental Infirmary, Boston, promises to bring about important changes in dental practice. The institution treats the teeth of 1,800 children weekly, relates a correspondent, and with such an abundance of material, Dr. Percy R. Howe, of the research laboratory, has been able to make an elaborate study of the harmful and harmless organisms of mouth and teeth.

The cause of caries appears to be bacteria of the so-called Moro Tisserand group. These bacteria, it is found, may go deeper than the usual limits of excavation, penetrating into the solid dentine, and the ordinary filling may close up the tooth with active germs of decay remaining in it. Experiments suggest a simplified method of filling, that is more effective, while requiring less of the painful and troublesome excavation.

With a portion only of the decayed material removed, the cavity is injected with nitrate of silver solution, and this is followed by formalin, precipitating the silver. Sterilization is complete, a deposit of metallic silver being left throughout the putrescent pulp, as well as in cracks and canals. The deposit may be thickened by repeated applications, and a smooth antiseptic base is provided for the usual fillings. In chronic abscesses and troubles with the tip of the tooth, the new process has given good results.

NO ARMS



The Art Dealer—I'll sell you this statue of Venus de Milo for \$2,000.
Mr. Newrich—You'll sell it a heap sight cheaper than that—'cause it's damaged. It ain't got no arms.

LESSON IN MANNERS.

This is the way the agent got a lesson in manners. He called at a business office and saw nobody but a prepossessing though capable-looking young woman.

"Where's the boss?" he asked abruptly.

"What is your business?" she asked politely.

"None of yours!" he snapped. "I got a proposition to lay before this firm, and I want to talk to somebody about it."

"And you would rather talk to a gentleman?"

"Yes," answered the lady, smiling sweetly, "so would I. But it seems that it's impossible for either one of us to have our wish, so we'll have to make the best of it. State your business, please!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Utilizing Our Time.

We all need recreation, but we would indeed be acting most unwisely were we to give up all our spare time to the pursuit of pleasure. An evening now and then devoted to worthwhile study, or again utilizing a spare hour to the reading of a humorous story when we feel out of sorts, will without a question, prove a gift-edge investment.—Exchange.

HARDWICK

DON'T SEND YOUR DIAMONDS AWAY--WE BUILD UP THE PRONGS (Gold or Platinum) AND DELIVER THE GOODS THE SAME DAY.

HARDWICK

Institutional Treatment of Tuberculosis

means that the patient is given constant attention; that the regime which is found to be best adapted to the case is rightly adhered to; that a resident physician is at hand all of the time, studying the case and adapting the treatment to it; that nursing service is the best. All of these things mean improvement, greater comfort and possible recovery. Hazelwood is operated without profit by the Louisville Anti-Tuberculosis Association. Rates \$12.50 a week. Write for detailed information.

Hazelwood Sanatorium

Station E DR. O. L. MILLER, Physician in Charge LOUISVILLE, KY

Condensed Financial Statement of the

PLANTERS BANK & TRUST CO.

Hopkinsville, Ky.

At the Close of Business Dec. 31, '17

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts.....\$497,237.67
Stocks and Bonds.....23,000.00
U. S. A. Liberty Bonds...36,238.00
Overdrafts.....489.50
Furniture and Fixtures...5,000.00
Banking House and Lot...22,000.00
Other Real Estate.....16,500.00
Cash and Sight Exchange 132,188.67

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock.....\$100,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits.....50,915.41
Bills Payable.....95,000.00
Dividend No. 78, this day 3,000.00
Unpaid Dividend.....207.00
Set Aside to Pay 1918 taxes 2,000.00
Deposits.....481,531.43

\$732,653.84

Trust Department.

RESOURCES.

Trust Fund Invested for Account of agents and Trustees.....\$452,468.70
For Account of Guardians 20,337.50
For Account of Executors.....2,028.63
For Account of Committes.....4,800.00
Cash on Hand.....37,395.68

LIABILITIES.

Due Sundry Estates and Individuals.....\$517,020.51
Estimated Value of Real Estate held as Trustee, Guardian, Agent, Etc., not included in above...\$202,000.00
J. M. STARLING, Sec'y.

Childish Deductions.

Mary and her little brother, Billie, were standing in the parlor of a big hotel. Much awed at their luxurious surroundings, they were gazing about, when Billie's glance fell on a picture of Marie Antoinette. Edging up to Mary, he whispered: "Who's that lady?" To which Mary replied in a confidential tone: "Why, she's the one that owns the furniture."

Waterproofing Concrete.

To stop leakage through concrete, such as tunnel walls, clean the walls thoroughly and paint with a solution consisting of eight and three-quarter pounds of zinc sulphate dissolved in a gallon of water. The zinc sulphate will act on the lime in the cement, forming insoluble calcium sulphate and zinc hydroxide, which fill up the pores in the concrete.

CONDENSED STATEMENT

OF THE First National Bank

Hopkinsville, Ky.,

At the Close of Business Dec. 31, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts.....\$609,188.90
Real Estate.....8,614.55
Overdrafts.....2,189.89
U. S. Bonds.....76,000.00
Other Bonds.....2,500.00
U. S. Liberty Loan Bonds 104,180.00
War Saving Stamps.....761.04
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....3,450.00
Redemption Fund.....3,750.00
Banking House, and Fixtures.....28,500.00
Due from Banks.....77,233.30
Cash and Cash Items.....63,090.84

Total.....\$979,458.58

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock.....\$75,000.00
Surplus and Undiv. profits 45,876.92
Circulation.....75,000.00
Individual Deposits.....704,581.66
U. S. Deposits.....1,000.00
Bills Payable.....75,000.00
Dividend No. 55, 4 per cent.....3,000.00

Total.....\$979,458.58

BAILEY RUSSELL, Cashier.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD

IN 1917

Practically a Daily at the price of a Weekly. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. We have been forced to enter the great world war, and a large army of ours is already in France. You will want to have all the news from our troops on European battle-fields, and 1918 promises to be the most momentous year in the history of the universe.

No other newspaper at so small a price will furnish such prompt and accurate news of these world-shaking events. It is not necessary to say more.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the

HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN

(Tri-weekly)

together for one year for \$2.65. The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00.

PASS OBSTACLES IN CATTLE-TICK FIGHT



DIPPING VAT ERADICATES BLOOD SUCKERS.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The record-breaking releases this year of Southern territory from federal quarantine for cattle fever ticks is tangible proof that difficulties which at first seem insurmountable can be banished by determination and hard work.

Mississippi, which is to be entirely freed this year, offers a striking instance of a difficulty met and surmounted. In the Gulf portion of Mississippi it appeared from the beginning that the swamps, which usually are several miles wide on both sides of the many rivers and streams, had raised an impassable barrier to the tick work. In these swamps are numbers of small ponds or lakes. The ridgy land between them is covered with dense cane and pines, with patches of heavy timber. Hurricanes have blown down many trees, which are now covered with vines so thick that solid walls are formed. Such jungles make it impossible to traverse the swampy country by any other means than upon foot, and also often make it impossible to see more than a few feet away the cattle that have strayed into the wilderness.

Notwithstanding the hardships accompanying the dipping of cattle in the Mississippi swamp section, the owners, with the assistance of county inspectors, extricated the cattle from the swamps, dipped them, and as far as possible prevented them from returning until the latter part of the dipping season. Another obstacle in this section arose from the fact that the land is only slightly higher than the Gulf of Mexico, and thus became super-saturated with water. It was necessary, therefore, to build many of the dipping vats several feet above the earth, increasing the difficulty and expense of the work.

Can Eradicate Ticks Anywhere.

There can be no greater natural barriers to tick-eradication work than were surmounted in Mississippi. It is claimed by the tick eradicators there, who believe that tick eradication can be accomplished in any county where the people desire it and work systematically.

The swamp obstacle was met and likewise surmounted in Alabama. In Baldwin county of that state more than 30,000 cattle were dipped every two weeks, it being necessary in many

instances to transport them from the swampy land. Practically all of the cattle in this county were ticky when the dipping began, but the county is found now to be in fit condition for release from quarantine.

Another kind of obstacle was met in west Texas counties, where the work was retarded by a severe dry spell. Ranchmen in Concho county, loyal supporters of tick eradication, hauled water for priming vats eight miles, making the round trip of 16 miles. One ranchman was known to have hauled water 12 miles, a round trip of 24 miles.

Lack of knowledge, which has constituted the greatest obstacle to progress in tick eradication, is being met to such an extent by educational propaganda that the conditions are regarded as incomparably better than they were a few years ago. Residents of released areas have testified with good results, and travelers, passing from area to area, have been instrumental in spreading the good news.

South Shown to Be Cattle Country.

A great aid has been found in moving pictures in the cities and in lantern slides in the country. State fairs, at which southern grown animals, the equals of northern grown, were exhibited, have been a great factor in the educational campaign. Introduction of northern pure breeds without loss by death, and their continuance to thrive has gone far in destroying the old tradition that the South was not a cattle country. The successful eradication of ticks and the raising of pure breeds as far south as lower Mississippi has effectively banished the notion that ticks cannot be eradicated in the southern countries and that the climate was unfit for cattle.

Luxuriant growths of alfalfa, les pedez, cowpeas, soy beans, melilotis, Johnson grass, Bermuda grass and corn or peas all best used as forage have convinced the skeptic that food is abundant. The slow and improved methods of curing hay have demonstrated that forage can be carried over from season to season and that the cattle need suffer no effect in their growth on account of seasonal changes. Gradually, one by one, the false ideas of cattle raising detrimental to Southern farm husbandry are being corrected within and adjacent to the new tick-free territory.

WASTE FOR CHICKENS

Much of Kitchen Refuse Can Be Utilized for Poultry.

Such Things as Vegetable Peelings May Be Used When They Constitute Only Small Part of Scraps—Cut Fat Meat.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Not all of the refuse in scraps from the kitchen is suitable for poultry food, but much of it, when carefully selected and prepared with a view to getting its full food value, is acceptable in the poultry pen as a supplemental feed. Some things, such as vegetable peelings, may be used when they constitute only a small part of the scraps, but when they are in excessive quantities it is better to dispose of them separately.

The same is true of coffee grounds and tea leaves. Fat meat in large pieces should not be put with scraps for poultry because it can be swallowed in much larger pieces of fat than is good for her. By cutting waste fat meat in pieces no larger than one would cut for himself at the table, and by making sure that the fat does not exceed 10 per cent of the scraps fed at one time the dangers in feeding fat are avoided.

The best way to save kitchen waste for poultry is to keep a one-gallon jar, of glazed or galvanized ware, with a cover, in a convenient place, putting into this scraps of bread, cake and meat from the table, remnants of servings of vegetables, cereals, pies, puddings, etc., and whatever waste from the preparation of meals is suitable to combine with these things in a mash.

Once a day the contents of the jar should be turned into a pail of appropriate size and as much ground feed-stuff mixed with them as can be stirred in with a strong iron spoon or a wooden stirring stick. The amount and kinds of ground feeds to be used will depend upon the quantity of water with the scraps and whether any particular article predominates.

For thickening a mixture of scraps of ordinary variety a mixed meal of equal parts by weight, of corn meal,

bran and middlings is good. If there is an unusual proportion of very rich food in the scraps it may be desirable to use bran alone for thickening. The more meal that can be stirred in and still have all the meal moist the better. Mixing can be done much more easily and thoroughly by mixing in a pail having a capacity about three times the amount of scraps mixed at one time.

If the mash with scraps makes more than one meal for the flock, the pail should be kept covered until the next feeding. As a rule it is not advisable to feed such a mash often more than twice a day, but if mixed quite dry it may be fed three times. The occasion for this will exist only when scraps are so abundant that when thickened with meal they may be made the exclusive diet. This is not as good a ration as one containing some hard grain, but it may be used if a long time will elapse before results.

IN BOLL WEEVIL SECTIONS

Early Destruction of Stalks Drives Food of Insects and Their Hibernating Places.

In all cotton sections where the weevil is present farmers should be on the alert to destroy the stalks as early as possible in order that the fields may be cleaned up and the stalks destroyed. Early destruction of stalks serves two purposes—it destroys the food of the fall crop of weevils and it destroys the hibernating places. Where possible cut the stalks after the crop is harvested and plow them under, making sure to cover all the stalks completely. If the farmer has not sufficient team power to do this the safest plan is to burn the stalks.

HEN RECORDS ARE VALUABLE

Not Possible to Tell When Fowls Are Worth Keeping or When Not Without Something to Go By.

It may not be possible to tell when hens are worth keeping and when they should not be sold. In fact this will be impossible unless records are kept. But no chances should be taken on very old hens or hens that have never shown their worth as layers. It will be safer to keep pullets.

KILL THE CHILL

These cool mornings by using a Gas Heater to take the edge off the room.

We have the famous "Hot Spot" heaters. None better. A call at our office will convince you.

Kentucky Public Service Co.

INCORPORATED.

COME ON WITH YOUR TOBACCO TO COOPER'S LOOSE FLOOR

The heavy snow broke in part of our Warehouse roof, not enough to interfere with business---as we have ample room. The roof is being repaired---which will take only a few days---OUR MARKET IS ACTIVE---The buyers being anxious to secure enough Tobacco to keep their factory force busy. Bring your tobacco as soon as it is stripped and ready.

Thanking you for your business,

Respectfully,

R. E. & W. D. COOPER.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS

Continued from First Page.

Bush resides in this county he is a district official, his jurisdiction extending over four counties. Lucian H. Davis is his master commissioner, whose deputy is Miss Pearl Hamilton.

CITY OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES

Dr. Frank H. Bassett, Mayor.
R. T. Stowe, Commissioner Public Works & Public Safety.
W. R. Wicks, Commissioner of Finance & Public Property. Salary of each, per year, \$1800.
J. W. Richards, Sec'y to Board of Commissioners, salary \$900.
Ellis Roper, Chief of Police, yearly salary \$1080.
W. D. Hawkins, Lieut. of Police,

yearly salary \$1080.

W. E. Shanklin, Sergeant of Police, yearly salary \$900.

Police Patrolmen—Amos Haydon, Abner Witherspoon, J. E. Anderson, J. A. Barnett, E. B. Evitts, Dave G. Higbee, Jarred J. Renshaw, Dock Carroll and B. C. Gregory. Salary of each, per year, \$840.

Joe R. Wolfe, Sanitary Officer, salary per year, \$840.

Chas. Vaughn, Supt. City Work House, \$30 per month and prisoners' board.

Porter Peyton, Asst. Supt. City Work House, per year \$600.

Dr. J. W. Harned, City Health Officer, per year \$200.

J. W. Carloss, City Assessor, per day \$3 for actual time.

S. E. Everett, Deputy Assessor, per day \$3 for actual time.

R. D. Reeder, Sexton Riverside Cemetery, yearly salary \$600.

Peter Morgan, Sexton Colored Cem-

etry, yearly salary \$180.

While the City Administration remains practically the same as heretofore, the County Administration shows a number of important changes. The Fiscal Court is made up of four Republicans and four Democrats with a Republican judge holding the balance of power. Politically speaking this places the fiscal affairs of the county in the hands of the Republicans. A Republican sheriff becomes chairman of the Board of Election Commissioners, which will also be Republican by a majority of two to one. This is regarded as very important among politicians, since they select the election officers for holding all elections. Another very important change is the replacement of L. J. Harris by G. B. Powell as county clerk and L. E. Barnes succeeding V. E. Barnes as chief deputy county clerk. Many more changes will be found as the public becomes acquainted with the new line-up.

Chat About People

WALLER—"I have two boys in the United States army," remarked Frank L. Waller, "and I wish I could go myself, but I once hauled down the stars and stripes in Hopkinsville."

"It was soon after the war began in 1861 and I was a kid about 11 years old. The town was much divided in sentiment. Those who favored the Union wore cockades of red, white and blue ribbons and those who were for the South wore solid blue ones. You could see them on coal lapels all over town. The fever ran so high that the "secesh" boys raised a fund to buy a flag and plant a pole where the L. & N. freight depot now stands, assisted by the men, and the stars and bars was unfurled 50 or 60 feet from the ground. A night or two intervened and one morning the Confederate colors had been pulled down and on the flag pole floated the Union emblem. The rope had been fastened high up and the boys powerless to prevent it, saw their own pole used for the flag of the "abolitionists."

To make matters worse, a crowd of big boys stationed themselves around the pole and drove off the little fellows whose money was invested in it. We worried over the matter all day and that night I secured a sharp axe and with several young friends went to the scene and we took turns in chopping down the pole. At last it fell with a mighty crash, flag and all, falling on the fence of a Union sympathizer. As it started to fall we took to our heels and were far down the street when the crash came. Mighty little talking was done by the boys for a long time, but 56 years have brought many changes. It's my flag now and I would like for my boys to help raise it over the Kaiser's palace in Berlin."

He Didn't Get Away.

The big snows delayed the marriage of Miss Grace Deffendall, daughter of School Trustee George Deffendall, and Sergeant Claude McBride, of Terre Haute, which was to have taken place at Petersburg, Ind., Monday, but it did not prevent the marriage being held in Terre Haute Wednesday afternoon.

McBride was home from Camp Shelby on a four days' furlough and went to Terre Haute first to see his parents before coming to be married. The bride hired an automobile, which took her to Winslow and from there she went to Terre Haute, arriving there a few hours before McBride had to return to Hattiesburg. A telegram to friends told of their marriage.

DR. BEAZLEY

---SPECIALIST---

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Golden Wedding.

The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Watson was celebrated Monday at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Norris Gordon. In attendance were their sons, James Watson, Dallas, Texas; Thomas Watson, Paducah, and their daughter, Mrs. Roberta Steele, of Lexington. Madisonville Hustler Jan. 8.

OLDEST WOMAN

110 Years Old Cuts New Teeth and Grows New Hair---Good Eyesight.

Sergeant, Ky., Jan. 18.—Though 110 years old, "Aunt Chrissie" Stalard has cut a new set of teeth and is growing new hair. Her eyesight, which she says has always been good, has improved to such an extent that she has laid aside her glasses and does not need them for reading even fine print.

"Aunt Chrissie" had her first photograph made when she was 105 years old. She since has refused to pose again for the camera, saying that one time was enough. She took her first dose of medicine a little more than a year ago. She has read of the telephone, telegraph, railroads and the like, but has never seen any of them. Her husband died fifty years ago.

Collapse at Mayfield.

The most disastrous accident of the kind in the history of Graves county occurred in Mayfield at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon when the roof of the Vaughn & Nall garage on West Broadway, fell in on the second floor.

The roof was covered with snow and ice from one end to the other, and the work hands of the garage had been at work on the top for only a short time and had cleared some of the snow away, but there was still so much left that the roof was not able to stand up under the strain.

The second floor, which is an unusually large floor used for storing cars, contained thirty-nine cars, some of which were high-priced cars owned by Mayfield and Graves county car owners. Some of these cars are damaged to such an extent that it will cost hundreds of dollars to repair them.—Messenger.

Epitome of the Man.

The spoken word, the written poem, is said to be an epitome of the man; how much more the done work.

DEATHS AT W. S. HOSPITAL

Remains of C. D. Vineyard Shipped to Jackson, Tenn., For Interment.

C. D. Vineyard, of McCracken county, aged 40 years, died at the Western State Hospital Wednesday of paresis. He had been here about two years. The deceased was a native of Tennessee and was a railroad employe. The body was shipped to Jackson, Tenn., for interment.

Oliver Miller, aged 71 years, a patient from Davless county, died Jan. 15 of pneumonia. He was received at the institution about two years ago. The interment took place in the hospital burying ground.

Indiana Silo



The Silo that gives you one hundred per cent food value. Made of California long pine and red wood, also Oregon fur.

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**Robertson & Co.,
Adams, Tenn.**

What About Harness?

Did you know that you will find at Cayce-Yost Company's Harness Department in Hopkinsville the largest, best selected and highest grade stock of HEAVY TEAM HARNESS, COLLARS, SADDLES, HAMES, BRIDLES, BREECHING, and HIP STRAPS in this part of the State?

This is a broad assertion, but we know you will agree with us if you will come to us for your harness needs. Mr. George Yost, who buys our Harness knows leather---he knows how to cut it and build it into Harness that will GIVE SERVICE.

When Harness is bright and new, to some all harness looks the same, but use will show you the difference. We could buy the cheap kind of leather for about half what we pay, and if you only wanted a few days service this might do. But we care more for our reputation, and unless we can sell you something that we know will prove satisfactory, we had rather not make a sale. When you buy Harness you want Harness that will not be in the repair shop all the time.

WE INVITE COMPARISON

Compare our Harness, inch for inch, pound for pound, workmanship and general appearance. Then we know you will find our price right.

Cayce-Yost Company

Incorporated
HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

The New Jewelry Store KOLB & HOWE

Jewelers and Opticians
Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry
Thompson Block,
Hopkinsville, Ky.

Wish to announce that we are now ready for watches and jewelry repairing of all kinds.

Although we are a new firm we are both experienced workmen and well known in this community.

All work is guaranteed and our prices are right. We will give you the same satisfactory work and fair treatment in the future that we have in the years past.

We solicit your patronage.

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WALTER HOWE

Phone 344